

1. Identification

Product identifier	Hydromorphone Hydrochloride CII	
Other means of identification		
Catalog number	1323000	
CAS number	71-68-1	
Synonyms	Dihydromorphinone hydrochloride	
Chemical name	Morphinan-6-one, 4,5-epoxy-3-hydroxy-17-methyl-, hydrochloride, (5alpha)-	
Recommended use	Specified quality tests and assay use only.	
Recommended restrictions	Not for use as a drug. Not for administration to humans or animals.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Manufacturer		
Company name	U. S. Pharmacopeia	
Address	12601 Twinbrook Parkway Rockville MD 20852-1790 United States	
Telephone	RS Technical Services	301-816-8129
Website	www.usp.org	
E-mail	RSTECH@usp.org	
Emergency phone number	CHEMTRAC within US & Canada	1-800-424-9300
	CHEMTRAC outside US & Canada	+1 703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 3
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Toxic if swallowed. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	This product is supplied in a small quantity which does not constitute a combustible dust hazard. The physical properties of this material indicate that in large quantities accumulated dust may be hazardous.
Supplemental information	Potent pharmacologically active material.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Hydromorphone Hydrochloride CII	Dihydromorphinone hydrochloride	71-68-1	100

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if the substance is inhaled. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact

Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact

Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if substance is ingested. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Central nervous system depression. Potent pharmacologically active material. Occupational exposure to small amounts may cause physiological effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Treatment of opioid analgesic overdose may include the following: Do not induce vomiting. Administer activated charcoal as a slurry. Monitor vital signs, pulse oximetry, and cardiac function. Monitor for CNS and respiratory depression. For respiratory depression, administer oxygen and assist ventilation. Protect airway with orotracheal intubation. For coma and respiratory depression, reverse with naloxone. Administer intravenously, intramuscularly, intratracheally, intranasally, or subcutaneously. A continuous infusion might be needed for long-acting opioids. For seizures, treat with intravenous benzodiazepines. If seizures persist, administer propofol or barbiturates. For hypotension, treat with an infusion of isotonic fluid. If hypotension persists, administer dopamine or norepinephrine. Hemodialysis and hemoperfusion are not recommended.

General information

Remove from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. For treatment advice, seek guidance from an occupational health physician or other licensed health-care provider familiar with workplace chemical exposures. In the United States, the national poison control center phone number is 1-800-222-1222. If person is not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if available. Persons developing serious hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions must receive immediate medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water. Foam. Dry chemical or CO₂. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Explosion hazard: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Wear suitable protective equipment.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Use water spray to cool unopened containers. As with all fires, evacuate personnel to a safe area. Firefighters should use self-contained breathing equipment and protective clothing.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

As a general rule, when handling USP Reference Standards, avoid all contact and inhalation of dust, mists, and/or vapors associated with the material. Clean equipment and work surfaces with suitable detergent or solvent after use. After removing gloves, wash hands and other exposed skin thoroughly. Avoid significant deposits of material, especially on horizontal surfaces, which may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds and may contribute to secondary explosions. Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust). Select and use containment devices and personal protective equipment based on a risk assessment of material potency and exposure potential.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tight container as defined in the USP-NF. This material should be handled and stored per label instructions to ensure product integrity.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Exposure limit values

Industrial Use

Material	Type	Value
Hydromorphone Hydrochloride CII (CAS 71-68-1)	STEL	20 micrograms/m ³
	TWA	4 micrograms/m ³

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

No open handling. For laboratory operations, use approved ventilation or containment system (biological safety cabinet, ventilated balance enclosure, glovebox). Control exposures to below the occupational exposure level (if available). Select and use containment devices and personal protective equipment based on a risk assessment of exposure potential. Cover all containers for solutions and slurries while being transferred.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields, chemical splash goggles, or full face shield, if necessary. Base the choice of protection on the job activity and potential for contact with eyes or face. An emergency eye wash station should be available.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Consider double gloves. Wear nitrile or other impervious gloves if skin contact is possible. When the material is dissolved or suspended in an organic solvent, wear gloves that provide protection against the solvent.

Other

Train employees in proper gowning and degowning practices. Wear disposable lab coat, disposable sleeve covers and two pair of gloves as appropriate for the task. Base the choice of skin protection on the job activity, potential for skin contact and solvents and reagents in use. Do not wear protective garments in common areas (e.g., cafeterias) or out-of-doors.

Respiratory protection

Use a powered air-purifying respirator (PAPR) with HEPA filters, disposable outerware and head cover for spill cleanup. Choose respiratory protection appropriate to the task and the level of existing engineering controls.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Pharmacological effects may be seen with occupational exposure. Handling practices in this SDS are recommendations for laboratory use of reference standards. Procedures for any other uses or quantities should be determined after an appropriate assessment.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Appearance descriptions are general information and not specific to any USP lot.

Physical state

Solid.

Form

Powder.

Color

White.

Odor

Odorless.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

581 - 599 °F (305 - 315 °C) (decomposes)

Initial boiling point and boiling range Not available.

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) Not available.

Flammability limit - upper (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Freely soluble.

Solubility (other) Alcohol: Sparingly soluble.
Ether: Practically insoluble.

Auto-ignition temperature > 752 °F (> 400 °C)

Decomposition temperature 599 °F (315 °C)

Viscosity Not available.

Other information

Chemical family Morphinan derivative.

Molecular formula C17H19NO3.CIH

Molecular weight 321.8

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Oxidizers. Alkalies. Tannins. Borax. Ferric chloride. Iodides. Mercuric chloride. Gold salts. Metals.

Hazardous decomposition products NOx. Cl-. Br-. Irritating and/or toxic fumes or gases. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.

Eye contact Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.

Ingestion Toxic if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Opioids: Respiratory depression. Central nervous system depression. Gastrointestinal disturbances. Mood or mental changes. Pinpoint pupils. Muscle rigidity. Seizures.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if swallowed.

Product	Species	Test Results
Hydromorphone Hydrochloride CII (CAS 71-68-1)		
Acute		
Oral	Rat	51 mg/kg

Product	Species	Test Results
LD50	Rat	199 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.	
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
	Sensitization Patch test	
	Result: Negative.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Knowledge about mutagenicity is incomplete.	
Mutagenicity		
	Human lymphocyte chromosome aberration assay	
	Result: Negative.	
	In vitro Ames reverse mutation assay	
	Result: Negative.	
	In vivo mouse micronucleus assay	
	Result: Negative.	
Carcinogenicity	Knowledge about carcinogenicity is incomplete.	
0 - 15 mg/kg/day	Carcinogenicity	
	Result: No evidence of carcinogenic potential.	
	Species: Mouse	
	Test Duration: 2 years	
2 - 75 mg/kg/day	Carcinogenicity	
	Result: Increased incidences of hibernoma in females. No evidence of carcinogenicity in males.	
	Species: Rat	
	Test Duration: 2 years	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
	Not listed.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)		
	Not listed.	
US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens		
	Not listed.	
Reproductive toxicity	Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete. Maternal use of opioids during pregnancy may cause physical dependence in the fetus leading to respiratory difficulties and withdrawal symptoms (dehydration, irritability, tremors, excessive crying, diarrhea) in the newborn.	
Reproductivity		
0 - 7 mg/kg/day	Reproductivity	
	Result: No evidence of embryo toxicity or increased incidence of birth defects.	
	Species: Rat	
14 - 258 mg/kg	Reproductivity	
	Result: Skull malformations produced in offspring.	
	Species: Syrian hamster	
25 mg/kg/day	Reproductivity	
	Result: No evidence of teratogenicity.	
	Species: Rabbit	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Further information	Potent pharmacologically active material. Occupational exposure to small amounts may cause physiological effects.	
12. Ecological information		
Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.	
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this substance.	

Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN2811
UN proper shipping name	Toxic solid, organic, n.o.s. (Hydromorphone hydrochloride)
Transport hazard class(es)	

Class 6.1

Subsidiary risk -

Packing group III

IATA

UN number	UN2811
UN proper shipping name	Toxic solid, organic, n.o.s. (Hydromorphone hydrochloride)
Transport hazard class(es)	

Class 6.1

Subsidiary risk -

Packing group III

Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

DOT; IATA



General information

It is the shipper's responsibility to determine the correct transport classification at the time of shipment.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance**

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

Yes

Classified hazard categories

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

US state regulations**California Proposition 65**

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**Issue date** 07-06-2020**Version #** 01**Further information** Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

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